

ab126454 - STAT1 (pS727) ELISA Kit

Instructions for Use

For the quantitative measurement of human and mouse phosphorylated STAT1 (pS727) concentrations in cell lysates.

This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic use.

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1. Introduction

ab126454 is a very rapid, convenient and sensitive assay kit that can monitor the activation or function of important biological pathways in cell lysates. By determining phosphorylated STAT1 protein in your experimental model system, you can verify pathway activation in your cell lysates. You can simultaneously measure numerous different cell lysates without spending excess time and effort in performing a Western Blot analysis.

This Sandwich ELISA kit is an in vitro enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the measurement of human and mouse phospho-STAT1 (Ser727). An anti-STAT1 (Ser727) antibody has been coated onto a wells 96-well plate. Samples are pipetted into the phosphorylated STAT1 (Ser727) present in a sample is bound to the wells by the immobilized antibody. The wells are washed and biotinylated anti-STAT1 antibody is used to detect phosphorylated STAT1. After washing away unbound antibody, HRP-conjugated streptavidin is pipetted to the wells. The wells are again washed, a TMB substrate solution is added to the wells and color develops in proportion to the amount of STAT1 (Ser727) bound. The Stop Solution changes the color from blue to yellow, and the intensity of the color is measured at 450 nm.

2. Assay Summary

Prepare all reagents, samples and standards as instructed.



Add 100 μ l sample or positive control to each well. Incubate 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C.



Add 100 µl prepared 1X biotinylated antibody to each well. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.



Add 100 μ l prepared 1X HRP-Streptavidin solution. Incubate 1 hour at room temperature.



Add 100 µl TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent to each well. Incubate 30 minutes at room temperature.



Add 50 µl Stop Solution to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

3. Kit Contents

STAT1 (Ser727) Microplate (Item A): 96 wells (12 strips x 8 wells) coated with anti-STAT1 (Ser727).
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) (Item B): 25 ml of 20x concentrated solution.
Assay Diluent (Item E): 15 ml of 5x concentrated buffer. For diluting cell lysate sample, detection antibody (Item C) and HRP-Streptavidin Concentrate (Item G).
Detection Antibody STAT1 (Item C): 2 vials of biotinylated anti-STAT1 (each vial is enough to assay half microplate).
HRP-Streptavidin concentrate (Item G), 2 vials, 200 ∞l/vial, 40x concentrated HRP-conjugated streptavidin.
TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H): 12 ml of 3,3',5,5'-tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) in buffered solution.
Stop Solution (Item I): 8 ml of 0.2 M sulfuric acid.
Cell Lysis Buffer (Item J): 5 ml 2x cell lysis buffer (not including protease and phosphatase inhibitors).
Positive Control (Item K): 1 vial of lyophilized powder from A431 cell lysate.

4. Storage and Handling

Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at -20 °C. After initial use, Wash Buffer Concentrate (Item B), Assay Diluent (Item E), TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H), Stop Solution (Item I) and Cell Lysis Buffer (Item J) should be stored at 4 °C to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Return unused wells to the pouch containing desiccant pack, reseal along entire edge and store at -20 °C. Reconstituted Positive Control (Item K) should be stored at -70 °C.

5. Additional Materials Required

Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450nm.
Protease and Phosphatase inhibitors.
Shaker.
Precision pipettes to deliver 2 µl to 1 ml volumes.
Adjustable 1-25 ml pipettes for reagent preparation.
100 ml and 1 L graduated cylinders.
Distilled or deionized water.
Tubes to prepare sample dilutions

6. Preparation of Samples

Cell lysates - Rinse cells with PBS, making sure to remove any remaining PBS before adding the Cell Lysis Buffer. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in 1x Cell Lysis Buffer (we recommend adding protease and phosphatase inhibitors to Cell Lysis Buffer prior to sample preparation). Pipette up and down to resuspend and incubate the lysates with shaking at 2 - 8°C for 30 minutes. Microcentrifuge at 13,000 rpm for 10 minutes at 2 - 8°C, and transfer the supernates into a clean test tube. Lysates should be used immediately or aliquoted and stored at -70°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Thawed lysates should be kept on ice prior to use.

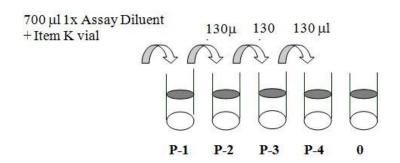
For the initial experiment, we recommend to do a serial dilution testing such as 5-fold and 100-fold dilution for your cell lysates with 1x Assay Diluent (Item E) before use.

Note: The fold dilution of sample used depends on the abundance of phosphorylated proteins and should be determined empirically. More of the sample can be used if signals are too weak. If signals are too strong, the sample can be diluted further.

Cell Lysis Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

7. Preparation of Reagents

- Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (18 -25°C) before use.
- 2. Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use.
- 3. Preparation of Positive Control: Briefly spin the Positive Control vial of Item K. Add 700 µl 1x Assay Diluent (Item E, Assay Diluent should be diluted 5-fold with deionized or distilled water before use) into Item K vial to prepare Positive Control (P-1) (See i. Positive Control of Data Analysis for a typical result). Dissolve the powder thoroughly by a gentle mix. Pipette 260 µl 1x Assay Diluent into each tube. Use the Positive Control (P-1) to produce a dilution series (shown below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. 1x Assay Diluent serves as the background.



- If the Wash Concentrate (20x) (Item B) contains visible crystals, warm to room temperature and mix gently until dissolved. Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate into deionized or distilled water to yield 400 ml of 1x Wash Buffer.
- 5. Briefly spin the biotinylated antibody (Item C) before use. Add 100 ∞I of 1x Assay Diluent into the vial to prepare a biotinylated antibody concentrate. Pipette up and down to mix gently (the concentrate can be stored at 4°C for 5 days or at − 80°C for one month). The biotinylated STAT1 antibody should be diluted 55-fold with 1x Assay Diluent and used in step 4 of Assay Method.
- Briefly spin the HRP-Streptavidin concentrate vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently before use. HRP-Streptavidin concentrate should be diluted 40 fold with 1x Assay Diluent.

For example: Briefly spin the vial (Item G) and pipette up and down to mix gently. Add 150 \propto l of HRP-Streptavidin concentrate into a tube with 6 ml 1x Assay Diluent to prepare a 40-fold diluted HRP-Streptavidin solution (don't store the diluted solution for next day use). Mix well.

 Cell Lysis Buffer should be diluted 2-fold with deionized or distilled water before use (recommend to add protease and phosphatase inhibitors).

8. Assay Method

- Bring all reagents to room temperature (18 25°C) before use. It is recommended that all samples or Positive Control should be run at least in duplicate.
- Add 100 μl of each sample or positive control into appropriate wells. Cover well with plate holder and incubate for 2.5 hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C with shaking.
- 3. Discard the solution and wash 4 times with 1x Wash Solution. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (300 µl) using a multi-channel pipette or autowasher. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Buffer by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper towels.
- 4. Add 100 μl of prepared 1x biotinylated antibody (Preparation of Reagents step 5) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.
- 5. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- Add 100 µl of prepared 1x HRP-Streptavidin solution (see Preparation of Reagents step 6) to each well. Incubate for 1 hour at room temperature with shaking.

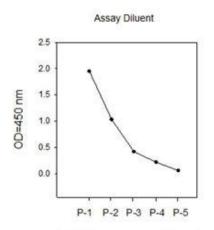
- 7. Discard the solution. Repeat the wash as in step 3.
- 8. Add 100 µl of TMB One-Step Substrate Reagent (Item H) to each well. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature in the dark with shaking.
- 9. Add 50 μ I of Stop Solution (Item I) to each well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

9. Data Analysis

ELISA data analysis: Average the duplicate readings for each sample or positive control then subtract the average blank optical density.

i. Positive Control

A431 cells were treated with recombinant human EGF at 37°C for 20 min. Solubilize cells at 4 x 10⁷ cells/ml in Cell Lysis Buffer. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA. Please see step 3 of Preparation of Reagents for detail.

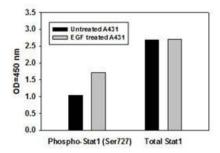


Positive control dilution series

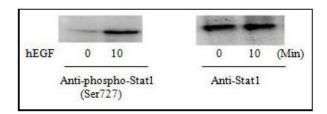
ii. Recombinant Human EGF Stimulation of A431 Cell Lines

A431 cells were treated or untreated with 100 ng/ml recombinant human EGF for 10 min. Cell lysates were analyzed using this phosphoELISA and Western Blot.

a) ELISA



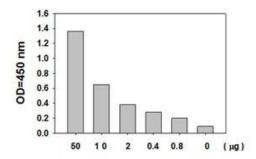
b) Western Blot Analysis



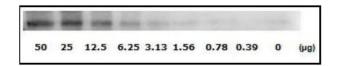
iii. Sensitivity

The A431 cells were treated with100 ng/ml recombinant human EGF for 20 minutes. Serial dilutions of lysates were analyzed in this ELISA and by Western blot. Immunoblots were incubated with anti-phospho-STAT1 (Ser727).

a) ELISA



b) Western Blot Analysis



10. Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Sample signals	Too low: Sample concentration is too low.	Increasing sample concentration.
	Too high: Sample concentration is too high.	Reduce sample concentration.
Large CV	Inaccurate pipetting	Check pipettes
High background	ph background Plate is insufficiently washed.	
	Contaminated wash buffer.	Make fresh wash buffer.

Positive Control: Low signal	Improper storage of the ELISA kit.	Upon receipt, the kit should be stored at -20°C. Store the positive control at -70°C after reconstitution.
	Stop solution	Stop solution should be added to each well before measurement and read OD immediately.
	Improper primary or secondary antibody dilution.	



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